CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS:

1. CLEAR THE ENTRANCE AND EXIT AREA OF ALL VEGETATION, ROOTS, AND OTHER OBJECTIONABLE MATERIAL AND PROPERLY GRADE IT.

2. PLACE THE GRAVEL TO THE SPECIFIC GRADE AND DIMENSIONS SHOWN ON THE PLANS AND SMOOTH IT.

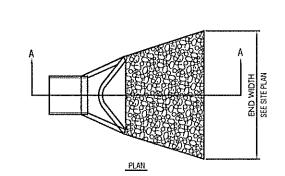
3. PROVIDE DRAINAGE TO CARRY WATER TO A SEDIMENT TRAP OR OTHER SUTIABLE OUTLET.

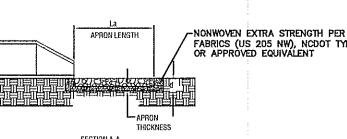
4. USE NONWOVEN GEOTEXTILE FABRICS BECAUSE THEY IMPROVE STABILITY OF THE FOUNDATION IN LOCATIONS SUBJECT TO SEEPAGE OR HIGH WATER TABLE.

MAINTENANCE:

MAINTAIN THE GRAVEL PAD IN A CONDITION TO PREVENT MUD OR SEDIMENT FROM LEAVING THE CONSTRUCTION SITE. THIS MAY REQUIRE PERIODIC TOP DRESSING WITH 2-INCH STONE. AFTER EACH RAINFALL, INSPECT ANY STRUCTURE USED TO TRAP SEDIMENT AND CLEAN IT OUT AS NECESSARY. IMMEDIATELY REMOVE ALL OBJECTIONABLE MATERIAL SPILLED, WASHED OR TRACKED ONTO PUBLIC ROADWAYS.

TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE





CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS:

1. ENSURE THAT THE SUBGRADE FOR THE FILTER AND RIPRAP FOLLOWS THE REQUIRED LINES AND GRADES SHOWN IN THE PLAN. COMPACT ANY FILL REQUIRED IN THE SUBGRADE TO THE DENSITY OF THE SURROUNDING UNDISTURBED MATERIAL. LOW AREAS IN THE SUBGRADE ON UNDISTURBED SOIL MAY ALSO BE FILLED BY INCREASING THE RIPRAP THICKNESS.

2. THE RIPRAP AND GRAVEL FILTER MUST CONFORM TO THE SPECIFIED GRADING LIMITS SHOWN ON THE PLANS.

3. FILTER CLOTH, WHEN USED, MUST MEET DESIGN REQUIREMENTS AND BE PROPERLY PROTECTED FROM PUNCHING OR TEARING DURING INSTALLATION. REPAIR ANY DAMAGE BY REMOVING THE RIPRAP AND PLACING ANOTHER PIECE OF FILTER CLOTH OVER THE DAMAGED AREA. ALL CONNECTING JOINTS SHOULD OVERLAP A MINIMUM OF 1 FT. IF THE DAMAGE IS EXTENSIVE, REPLACE THE ENTIRE

4. RIPRAP MAY BE PLACED BY EQUIPMENT, BUT TAKE CARE TO AVOID DAMAGING THE FILTER.
5. THE MINIMUM THICKNESS OF THE RIPRAP SHOULD BE 1.5 TIMES THE MAXIMUM STONE DIAMETER.
6. RIPRAP MAY BE FIELD STONE OR ROUGH QUARRY STONE. IT SHOULD BE HARD, ANGULAR, HIGHLY WEATHER-RESISTANT AND WELL GRADED.
7. CONSTRUCT THE APPON ON ZERO GRADE WITH NO OVERFALL AT THE END. MAKE THE TOP OF THE RIPRAP AT THE DOWNSTREAM END LEVEL WITH THE RECEIVING AREA OR SLUGHTLY BELOW IT.
8. ENSURE THAT THE APPON IS PROPERLY ALIGNED WITH THE RECEIVING STREAM AND PREFERABLE STRAIGHT THROUGHOUT ITS LENGTH. IF A CURVE IS NEEDED TO HIT SITE CONDITIONS, PLACE IT IN THE

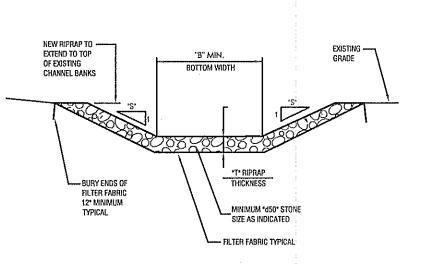
STRAIGHT THROUGHOUT ITS LENGTH. IF A CURVE IS NEEDED TO HT SITE CONDITIONS, PLACE IT IN THE UPPER SECTION OF THE APRON.

9. IMMEDIATELY AFTER CONSTRUCTION, STABILIZE ALL DISTURBED AREAS WITH VEGETATION.

MAINTENANCE:
INSPECT RIPRAP OUTLET STRUCTURES AFTER HEAVY RAINS TO SEE IF ANY EROSION AROUND OR BELOW.

INSPECT RIPRAP OUTLET STRUCTURES AFTER HEAVY RAINS TO SEE IF ANY EROSION AROUND OR BELOW THE RIPRAP HAS TAKEN PLACE OR IF STONES HAVE BEEN DISLODGED. IMMEDIATELY MAKE ALL NEEDED REPAIRS TO PREVENT FURTHER DAMAGE.

## 7 RIP RAP OUTLET PROTECTION



SUBGRADE PREPARATION - PREPARE THE SUBGRADE FOR RIPRAP AND FILTER TO THE REQUIRED LINES AND GRADES INDICATED ON THE PLANS. COMPACT ANY FILL REQUIRED IN THE SUBGRADE TO A DENSITY APPROXIMATING THAT OF THE SURGOUNDING UNDISTURBED MATERIAL OR OVERFILL DEPRESSIONS WITH RIPRAP. REMOVE BRUSH, TREES, STUMPS AND OTHER OBJECTIONABLE MATERIAL. CUT THE SUBGRADE SUFFICIENTLY DEEP THAT THE FINISHED GRADE OF THE RIPRAP WILL BE AT THE ELEVATION OF THE SURGOUNDING AREA. CHANNELS SHOULD BE EXCAVATED SUFFICIENTLY TO ALLOW PLACEMENT OF THE RIPRAP IN A MANNER SUCH THAT THE FINISHED INSIDE DIMENSIONS AND GRADE OF THE RIPRAP MEET DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS.

SYNTHETIC FILTER FABRIC - PLACE THE FILTER FABRIC DIRECTLY ON THE PREPARED SUBGRADE. OVERLAP THE EDGES BY AT LEAST 12-INCHES AND SPACE ANCHOR PINS EVERY 3-FEET ALONG THE OVERLAP. BURY THE UPPER AND LOWER ENDS OF THE CLOTH A MINIMUM OF 12-INCHES BELOW GROUND. TAKE CARE NOT TO DANAGE THE CLOTH WHEN PLACING RIPRAP. IF DAMAGE OCCURS, REMOVE THE RIPRAP AND REPAIR THE SHEET BY ADDING ANOTHER LAYER OF FILTER MATERIAL WITH A MINIMUM OVERLAP OF 12-INCHES AROUND THE DAMAGED AREA. IF EXTENSIVE DAMAGE IS SUSPECTED, REMOVE AND REPLACE THE ENTIRE SHEET.

WHERE LARGE STONES ARE USED OR MACHINE PLACEMENT IS DIFFICULY, A 4-INCH LAYER OF FINE GRAVEL OR SAND MAY BE NEEDED TO PROTECT THE FILTER CLOTH.

STONE PLACEMENT - PLACEMENT OF RIPRAP SHOULD FOLLOW IMMEDIATELY AFTER PLACEMENT OF THE FILTER FABRIC. PLACE RIPRAP SO THAT IT FORMS A DENSE, WELL-GRADED MASS OF STONE WITH A MINIMUM OF VOIDS. THE DESIRED DISTRIBUTION OF STONES THROUGHOUT THE MASS MAY BE OBTAINED BY SELECTIVE LOADING AT THE QUARRY AND CONTROLLED DUMPING DURING FINAL PLACEMENT. PLACE RIPRAP TO ITS FULL THICKNESS IN ONE OPERATION. DO NOT PLACE RIPRAP BY DUMPING THROUGH CHUTES OR OTHER METHODS THAT CAUSE SEGREGATION OF STONE SIZES. TAKE CARE NOT TO DISLODGE THE UNDERLYING BASE OF FILTER FABRIC WHEN PLACING THE STONES.

THE FINISHED SLOPE SHOULD BE FREE OF POCKETS OF SMALL STONE OR CLUSTERS OF LARGE STONES. HAND PLACING MAY BE NECESSARY TO ACHIEVE THE PROPER DISTRIBUTION OF STONE SIZES TO

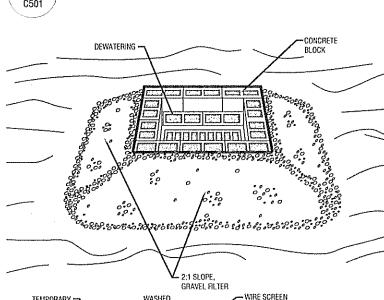
PRODUCE A RELATIVELY SHOOTH, UNIFORM SURFACE. THE FINISHED GRADE OF THE RIPRAP SHOULD

BLEND (MATCH GRADE) WITH THE SURROUNDING AREA. NO OVERFALL OR PROTRUSION OF RIPRAP

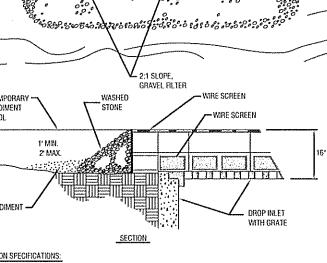
RIP RAP CHANNEL PROTECTION

SEEDING SOIL AND VEGETATION

PER NC WILDLIFE REQUEST, OVER SEED DISTURBED AREA WITH A MIXTURE OF RED CLOVER, CREEPING RED FESCUE, AND A GRAIN SUCH AS RYE, OAT OR WHEAT. THE SEEDING MIXTURE, SEEDING RATE, AND SOIL PREPARATION IS TO BE DETERMINED BY AN ENVIRONMENTAL PROFESSIONAL AND SUBMITTED PRIOR TO APPLICATION.



PERMANENT SEEDING SCHEDULE



CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS:

1. LAY ONE BLOCK ON EACH SIDE OF THE STRUCTURE ON HTS SIDE IN THE BOTTOM ROW TO ALLOW POOL.

DRAINAGE. THE FOUNDATION SHOULD BE EXCAVATED AT LEAST 2-INCHES BELOW THE CREST OF THE

STORM DRAIN. PLACE THE BOTTOM ROW OF BLOCKS AGAINST THE EDGE OF THE STORM DRAIN FOR

LATERAL SUPPORT AND TO AVOID WASHOUTS WHEN OVERFLOW OCCURS. IF NEEDED, GIVE LATERAL

SUPPORT TO SUBSEQUENT ROWS BY PLACING 2° x 4° WOOD STUDSTHROUGH BLOCK OPENINGS.

2. CAREFULLY FIT HARDWARE CLOTH OR COMPARABLE WIRE MESH WITH

BLOCK OPENINGS TO HOLD GRAVEL IN PLACE.

3. USE CLEAN GRAVEL.

34- TO 32-INCH IN DIAMETER, PLACED 2 INCHES BELOW THE TOP OF THE BLOCK

ON A 2:1 SLOPE OR FLATTER AND SMOOTH IT TO AN EVEN GRADE. DOT #57 WASHED STONE IS

RECOMMENDED.

MAINTENANCE:

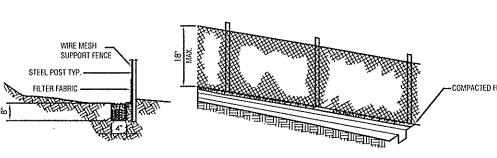
1. INSPECT THE BARRIER AFTER EACH RAIN AND MAKE REPAIRS AS NEEDED.

2. REMOVE SEDIMENT AS NECESSARY TO PROVIDE ADEQUATE STORAGE VOLUME FOR SUBSEQUENT RAINS.

3. WHEN THE CONTRIBUTING DRAINAGE AREA HAS BEEN ADEQUATELY STABILIZED, REMOVE ALL MATERIALS AND ANY UNSTABLE SOIL AND EITHER SALVAGE OR DISPOSE OF IT PROPERLY. BRING THE DISTURBED AREA TO PROPER GRADE, THEN SMOOTH AND COMPACT IT. APPROPRIATELY STABILIZE ALL BARE AREAS AROUND THE INLET.

C501

TEMPORARY BLOCK
AND GRAVEL DROP INLET PROTECTION



MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS:

1. USE A SYNTHETIC FILTER FABRIC OF AT LEAST 95% BY WEIGHT OF POLYOLEFINS OR POLYESTER, WHICH IS CERTIFIED BY THE MANUFACTURER OR SUPPLIER AS CONFORMING TO THE REQUIREMENTS IN ASTM DRAFE.

D6461.

2. SYNTHETIC FILTER FABRIC SHOULD CONTAIN ULTRAVIOLET RAY INHIBITORS AND STABILIZERS.

3. ENSURE THAT POSTS FOR SEDIMENT FENCES ARE 1.33 LB/LINEAR FEET STEEL WITH A MINIMUM LENGTH OF 5-FEET. MAKE SURE THAT STEEL POSTS HAVE PROJECTIONS TO FACILITATE FASTENING THE FABRIC.

4. FOR REINFORCEMENT OF STANDARD STRENGTH FILTER FABRIC, USE WIRE FENCE WITH A MINIMUM 14-GUAGE AND A MAXIMUM MESH SPACING OF 6-INCHES.

CONSTRUCT THE SEDIMENT BARRIER OF STANDARD STRENGTH OR EXTRA STRENGTH SYNTHETIC FILTER FABRICS.
 ENSURE THAT THE HEIGHT OF THE SEDIMENT FENCE DOES NOT EXCEED 18-INCHES ABOVE THE GROUND SURFACE (HIGHER FENCES MAY IMPOUND VOLUMES OF WATER SUFFICIENT TO CAUSE FAILURE OF THE STRUCTURE).

3. CONSTRUCT THE FILTER FABRIC FROM A CONTINUOUS ROLL CUT TO THE LENGTH OF THE BARRIER TO

AVOID JOINTS. WHEN JOINTS ARE NECESSARY, SECURELY FASTEN THE FILTER CLOTH ONLY AT A SUPPORT POST WITH OVERLAP TO THE NEXT POST.

4. SUPPORT STANDARD STRENGTH FILTER FABRIC BY WIRE MESH FASTENED SECURLY TO THE UPSLOPE SIDE OF THE POSTS USING HEAVY DUTY TIE WIRES. EXTEND THE WIRE MESH SUPPORT TO THE BOTTOM OF THE TRENCH.

5. WHEN A WIRE MESH SUPPORT FENCE IS USED, SPACE POSTS A MAXIMUM OF 8-FEET APART. STEEL

SUPPORT POSTS SHOULD BE DRIVEN SECURELY INTO THE GROUND TO A MINIMUM OF 18-INCHES.
WHE MESH SUPPORT FENCE MATERIAL SHALL BE AGRICULTURAL QUALITY 14-GAGE ANNEALED
STEEL WHE WITH A 4" x 5" MAX. SPACING PATTERN.

6. EXTRA STRENGTH FLITER FABRIC WITH 6-FT POST SPACING DOES NOT REQUIRE WHE MESH SUPPORT
FENCE. THE WHRE THE FILTER FABRIC DIRECTLY TO POSTS.

7. EXCAVATE A TRENCH APPROXIMATELY 4-HOCHES WIDE AND B-INCHES DEEP ALONG THE PROPOSED
LINE OF POSTS AND UPSLOPE FROM THE BARRIER.

8. BACKFILL THE THENCH WITH COMPACTED SOIL PLACED OVER THE FILTER FABRIC.

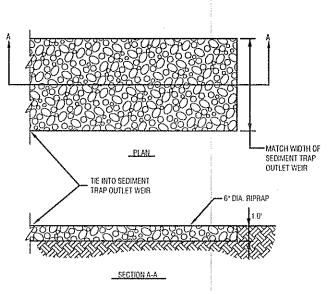
9. DO NOT ATTACH FILTER FABRIC TO EXISTING TREES.

1. INSPECT SEDIMENT FENCES AT LEAST ONCE A WEEK AND AFTER EACH RAINFALL. MAKE ANY REQUIRED REPAIRS IMMEDIATELY. SHOULD THE FABRIC OF A SEDIMENT FENCE COLLAPSE, TEAR, DECOMPOSE OR BECOME INNEFECTIVE, REPLACE IT PROMPILY. REPLACE BURLAP EVERY 60 DAYS.

2. REMOVE SEDIMENT DEPOSITS AS NECESSARY TO PROVIDE ADEQUATE STORAGE VOLUME FOR THE NEXT RAIN AND TO REDUCE PRESSURE ON THE FENCE. TAKE CARE TO AVOID UNDERMINING THE FENCE DURING CLEANOUT. REMOVE ALL FENCING MATERIALS AND UNSTABILIZED SEDIMENT DEPOSITS.

BRING THE AREA TO GRADE AND STABILIZE IT AFTER THE CONTRIBUTING DRAINAGE AREA HAS BEEN

TEMPORARY SEDIMENT FENCE



CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS

1. ENSURE THAT THE SUBGRADE FOR THE RIPRAP FOLLOWS THE REQUIRED LINES AND GRADES SHOWN IN THE PLAN. COMPACT ANY FILL REQUIRED IN THE SUBGRADE TO THE DENSITY OF THE SURROUNDING UNDISTURBED MATERIAL. LOW AREAS IN THE SUBGRADE ON UNDISTURBED SOIL MAY ALSO BE FILLED BY INCREASING THE RIPRAP THICKNESS.

2. RIPRAP MAY BE PLACED BY EQUIPMENT.

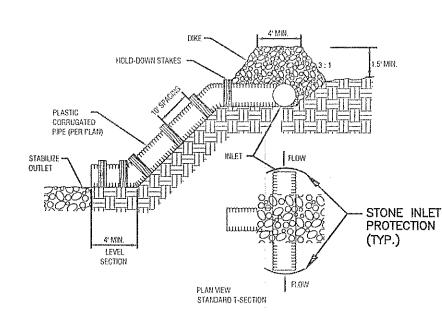
3. THE MINIMUM THICKNESS OF THE RIPRAP SHOULD BE 1.5 TIMES THE MAXIMUM STONE DIAMETER.

4. RIPRAP MAY BE FIELD STONE OR ROUGH QUARRY STONE. IT SHOULD BE HARD, ANGULAR, HIGHLY WEATHER-RESISTANT AND WELL GRADED.

4. RIPRAP MAY BE FIELD STONE OR ROUGH QUARRY STONE. IT SHOULD BE HARD, ANGULAR, HIGHLY WEATHER-RESISTANT AND WELL GRADED.
5. CONSTRUCT THE APRON ON ZERO GRADE WITH NO OVERFALL. AT THE END. MAKE THE TOP OF THE RIPRAP AT THE DOWNSTREAM END LEVEL WITH THE RECEIVING AREA OR SLIGHTLY BELOW IT.
6. ENSURE THAT THE APRON IS PROPERLY ALIGNED WITH THE RECEIVING STREAM AND PREFERABLE STRAIGHT THROUGHOUT ITS LENGTH. IF A CURVE IS NEEDED TO FIT SITE CONDITIONS, PLACE IT IN THE UPPER SECTION OF THE APRON.
7. IMMEDIATELY AFTER CONSTRUCTION, STABILIZE ALL DISTURBED AREAS WITH VEGETATION.

MAINTENANCE
INSPECT RIPRAP OUTLET STRUCTURES AFTER HEAVY RAINS TO SEE IF ANY EROSION ABOUND OR BELOW THE RIPRAP HAS TAKEN PLACE OR IF STONES HAVE BEEN DISLODGED. IMMEDIATELY MAKE ALL NEEDED REPAIRS TO PREVENT FURTHER

TEMPORARY SEDIMENT
TRAP RIP RAP OUTLET PROTECTION



CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS

A COMMON FAILURE OF SLOPE DRAINS IS CAUSED BY WATER SATURATING THE SOIL AND SEEPING ALONG THE PIPE. THIS CREATES VOIDS FROM CONSOLIDATION AND PIPING AND CAUSES WASHOUTS. PROPER BACKFILLING AROUND AND UNDER THE PIPE "HAUNCHES WITH STABLE SOIL MATERIAL AND HAND COMPACTION IN 6-INCH LIFTS TO ACHIEVE RIPM CONTACT BETWEEN THE PIPE AND THE SOIL AT ALL POINTS WILL ELIMINATE THIS TYPE OF FAILURE.

1. PLACE SLOPE DRAINS ON UNDISTURBED SOIL OR WELL-COMPACTED FILL AT LOCATIONS AND ELEVATIONS SHOWN ON THE PLANS.
2. SLIGHTLY SLOPE THE SECTION OF PIPE UNDER THE DIKE TOWARD ITS OUTLET.
3. HAND TAMP THE SOIL UNDER AND AROUND THE ENTRANCE SECTION IN LIFTS NOT TO EXCEED 6-INCHES.

EXCEED 6-INCHES.

4. ENSURE THAT FILL OVER THE DRAIN AT THE TOP OF THE SLOPE HAS MINIMUM DIMENSIONS OF 1.5 FT. DEPTH, 4 FT. TOP WIDTH, AND 3-1 SIDE SLOPES.

5. ENSURE THAT ALL SLOPE DRAIN CONNECTIONS ARE WATERTIGHT.

6. ENSURE THAT ALL FILL MATERIAL IS WELL-COMPACTED. SECURELY FASTEN THE EXPOSED SECTION OF THE DRAIN WITH GROWMETS OR STAKES SPACED NO MORE

THAN 10-FEET APART.

7. EXTEND THE DRAIN BEYOND THE TOE OF THE SLOPE AND ADEQUATELY PROTECT THE OUTLET FROM EROSION.

8. MAKE THE SETILED, COMPACTED DIKE RIDGE NO LESS THAN 1-FEET ABOVE THE TOP OF THE PIPE AT EVERY POINT.

9. IMMEDIATELY STABILIZE ALL DISTURBED AREAS FOLLOWING CONSTRUCTION.

MAINTENANCE:

INSPECT THE SLOPE ORAIN AND SUPPORTING DIVERSION AFTER EVERY RAINFALL
AND PROMPTLY MAKE NECESSARY REPAIRS. WHEN THE PROTECTED AREA HAS BEEN
PERMANENTLY STABILIZED. TEMPORARY MEASURES MAY BE REMOVED, MATERIALS
DISPOSED OF PROPERLY. AND ALL DISTURBED AREAS STABILIZED APPROPRIATELY.

TEMPORARY SLOPE DRAIN

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ALAMANCE AGGREGATES, LLC

Mr. Chad Threatt, VP

**Snow Camp Mine** 

NO: DATE: DESCRIPTION:
REVISIONS
PROJECT NUMBER:

2190335

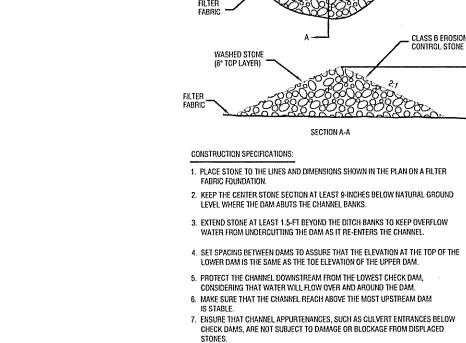
DRAWN BY: KCG/ATC
REVIEWED BY: PAS
ISSUED FOR:
CONSTRUCTION

DATE: 7/18/19

EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL DETAILS

DRAWING NUMBER:

C501



INSTALLATION OF NETTING AND MATTING:

PRODUCTS DESIGNED TO CONTROL EROSION SHOULD BE INSTALLED

IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTIONS. ANY MAT

PROVIDE COVER OF AT LEAST 30% OF THE SURFACE WHERE IT IS APPLIED.

1. APPLY LIME, FERTILIZER AND SEED BEFORE LAYING THE NET OR MAT.

SOIL BUT WITHOUT WRINKLES-DO NOT STRETCH.

CHANNEL PROTECTION

APPLYING STAPLES.

INSTALLING THE NET AND FERTILIZER AND SEED SPRAYED ON AFTERWARD

3. TO SECURE THE NET, BURY THE UPSLOPE END IN A SLOT OR TRENCH NO LESS

THAN G-INCHES DEEP, COVER WITH SOIL, AND TAMP FIRMLY AS SHOWN IN THIS DETAIL. STAPLE THE NET EVERY 12-INCHES ACROSS THE TOP END AND

AN EVERY 3-FEET AROUND THE EGGES AND BOTTOM. WHERE 2 STRIPS OF NET ARE LAID SIDE BY SIDE, THE ADJACENT EDGES SHOULD BE OVERLAPPED

3-INCHES STAPLED TOGETHER. EACH STRIP OF NETTING SHOULD ALSO BE STAPLED DOWN THE CENTER, EVERY 3 FT. DO NOT STRETCH THE NET WHEN

MAINTENANCE:
INSPECT ALL MULCHES PERIODICALLY, AND AFTER RAINSTORMS TO CHECK

FOR RILL EROSION, DISLOCATION, OR FAILURE. WHERE EROSION IS OBSERVED, APPLY ADDITIONAL MULCH. IF WASHOUT OCCURS, REPAIR THE SLOPE GRADE, RESEED, AND REINSTALL MULCH. CONTINUE INSPECTIONS UNTIL VEGETATION

START LAYING THE NET FROM THE TOP OF THE CHANNEL OR SLOPE AND UNROLL IT DOWN THE GRADE. ALLOW NETTING TO LAY LOOSELY ON THE

MAINTENANCE:

1. INSPECT CHECK DAMS AND CHANNELS FOR DAMAGE AFTER EACH RUNOFF EVENT.

2. ANTICIPATE SUBMERGENCE AND DEPOSITION ABOVE THE CHECK DAM AND EROSION FROM FLOWS AROUND THE EDGES OF THE DAM. CORRECT ALL DAMAGE IMMEDIATELY. IF SIGNIFICANT EROSION OCCURS BETWEEN DAMS, INSALL A PROTECTIVE RIPPAP LINER IN THAT PORTION OF THE CHANNEL.

3. REMOVE SEDIMENT ACCUMULATED BEHIND THE DAMS AS NEEDED TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO CHANNEL VEGETATION, ALLOW THE CHANNEL TO DRAIN THROUGH

\_\_\_\_\_\_

THE STONE CHECK DAM AND PREVENT LARGE FLOWS FROM CARRYING SEDIMENT

OVER THE DAM. ADD STONES TO DAMS AS NEEDED TO MAINTAIN DESIGN WEIGHT

4 TEMPORARY GRAVEL CHECK DAM